

# 宮崎国際大学 教育学部

平成26年度 一般入学選考前期日程試験問題

## 英 語

### Form A

この英語の筆記試験は、文法/語彙/長文読解に関するもので、  
時間は全部で70分です。(説明を含む)

受験番号 \_\_\_\_\_

氏名 \_\_\_\_\_

平成26年度 一般入学選考前期日程試験問題

筆記試験

文法/語彙/長文読解テスト

開始の指示があるまで開かないで下さい

試験時間は70分です

(問題は50問あります)

問題1 次の問い（1～20）の空欄に入れるのに最も適切なものをそれぞれ下の（A）～（D）の中から1つ選び、その記号を解答用紙に記入しなさい。

1. That was an \_\_\_ movie.  
(A) excite  
(B) excites  
(C) excited  
(D) exciting
2. Sam \_\_\_ in New York, but now he lives in Tokyo.  
(A) use to live  
(B) used to live  
(C) was used to live  
(D) used to lived
3. \_\_\_ you enjoy live music?  
(A) Are  
(B) Have  
(C) Was  
(D) Do
4. This room looks great! It must \_\_\_\_.  
(A) be cleaning  
(B) have cleaned  
(C) have been cleaned  
(D) have been cleaning
5. I \_\_\_ in many places, and now I live in Kyoto.  
(A) have lived  
(B) am living  
(C) live  
(D) lives
6. **Person A:** Where \_\_\_ my book?  
**Person B:** I put it on the table.  
(A) did you put  
(B) are you put  
(C) you put  
(D) you are put
7. My car is \_\_\_ my father's car.  
(A) older  
(B) more older  
(C) older than  
(D) more older than

8. My teacher let \_\_\_ to the library to get a book.  
(A) me going  
(B) me to go  
(C) go me  
(D) me go
9. He trained very hard for the Olympics. \_\_\_\_, he was not chosen for the team.  
(A) However  
(B) As a result  
(C) Therefore  
(D) Otherwise
10. There are many interesting places to see in this town, \_\_\_?  
(A) aren't they  
(B) aren't you  
(C) isn't it  
(D) aren't there
11. I have a test tomorrow, so I \_\_\_ stay home and study.  
(A) was  
(B) might have  
(C) have  
(D) should
12. We like to \_\_\_ in the library because it is quiet.  
(A) studying  
(B) studies  
(C) study  
(D) studied
13. \_\_\_ the concert ended, he went home.  
(A) During  
(B) As soon as  
(C) Then  
(D) Just
14. I put my books on \_\_\_\_.  
(A) the shelves I made  
(B) I made the shelves  
(C) the shelves which made  
(D) the I made shelves
15. This spaghetti is \_\_\_\_.  
(A) greatly  
(B) delicious  
(C) cook  
(D) on

16. Medical technology is getting better and new medicines \_\_\_\_ by researchers every day.  
 (A) are being developed  
 (B) develop  
 (C) are being develop  
 (D) are developing
17. She ran a marathon \_\_\_\_.  
 (A) next week  
 (B) four days ago  
 (C) tomorrow  
 (D) from now
18. When I was a child, I \_\_\_\_ read books in bed every night.  
 (A) will  
 (B) would  
 (C) have  
 (D) used
19. Our friends decided \_\_\_\_ across Japan this summer.  
 (A) traveling  
 (B) to travel  
 (C) travel  
 (D) traveled
20. Sam is not \_\_\_\_ Jim.  
 (A) old  
 (B) as old  
 (C) as old as  
 (D) old as not

問題2 次のそれぞれの文章の中の A~D の単語、あるいはフレーズの中から正しくないものを 1つ 選び、その記号を解答用紙に記入しなさい。

21. The people at the meeting was interested in my report about global warming.  
 A B C D
22. You should get tickets to see the exhibition before it finishes on two weeks.  
 A B C D
23. Next month, after we finished collecting all of our data, we are going to begin writing our report.  
 A B C D
24. I didn't understand how to complete the homework for my English class, so my friend offered helping me.  
 A B C D

25. Some of the musicians which performed at the concert last night were from South  
 A B C D  
 America.
26. Before I left my house, I checked my bags again make sure I hadn't forgotten anything.  
 A B C D
27. For the final examination, the teacher had her students to write about how technology  
 A B C  
has changed their lives.  
 D
28. They have looked like the most happiest couple in the world since the birth of their twin  
 A B C D  
 sons.
29. The house we were looking at is in good condition, and it is having a beautiful garden.  
 A B  
In addition, the price is also very good.  
 C D
30. During our vacation last month, we start every day by swimming in the ocean. The  
 A B C  
 water was perfectly clear.  
 D
31. Excuse me, could you tell me how do get to the train station? I am a visitor and I don't  
 A B  
know this city well.  
 C D
32. We knew he had been training a lot this year, but we were surprised by how fastly he ran  
 A B C D  
 the race.

問題3 次の英文 A の文章中にそれぞれ 5 箇所ある空欄に入れるのに最も適切な単語、あるいはフレーズをそれぞれの文章の下の (A) ~ (D) の中から 1つ 選び、その記号を解答用紙に記入しなさい。

A. The history of green tea began in China around 5,000 years ago. However, as with much of ancient history, there are different stories about the details. In one old Chinese story, a man named Shien Non Shei was out (---33---) one day when he tasted the juices from the leaf of a plant. He thought that the taste was wonderful and felt that it had a positive (---34---) on the body. He decided that it would be a good idea to create a drink by mixing the juice of this leaf with water. The leaf, of course, was the leaf of a tea plant. Another story suggests that it was actually an emperor called Shen Nung who discovered tea when a tea leaf (---35---) into a cup of hot water that he was drinking. Maybe these two men were the same person!

In the early days, all tea was green and was prepared with new leaves mixed with hot water, but as people have continued to enjoy it, it has changed over time. Green tea made its way to Japan in the 800s and the Japanese developed their own famous teas, (---36---) the thick green tea used in the Japanese tea ceremony. It is believed that Oolong and black teas appeared sometime after 1600 AD, after which Oolong tea became (---37---) popular in the South of China.

- |                 |             |             |              |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| 33. (A) walks   | (B) walked  | (C) walking | (D) walk     |
| 34. (A) effect  | (B) change  | (C) feeling | (D) taste    |
| 35. (A) fall    | (B) fell    | (C) fallen  | (D) falling  |
| 36. (A) example | (B) similar | (C) such as | (D) includes |
| 37. (A) quit    | (B) quote   | (C) quiet   | (D) quite    |

問題4 次の英文 A～E に関する設問の答えとして最も適切なものをそれぞれの設問の下の (A) ～ (D) の中から 1つ 選び、その記号を解答用紙に記入しなさい。

A. Most plants we know of get their food from the sun, but some plants also get food by trapping insects. We call these plants carnivorous (meat-eating) plants, and they come in two types: those that have moving parts and those that don't. The first type of carnivorous plant has special leaves that they use to quickly grab, catch, or wrap up insects that touch them. The second type of carnivorous plant, the ones that do not move, might wait for their victims to fall into a pool of liquid at the bottom of a special bowl that the plant has for this purpose. There is no way for the trapped insect to escape, and it is slowly **dissolved** and digested by the plant's juices.

38. According to the passage, how do carnivorous plants catch insects?

- (A) They chase them.
- (B) They grow them.
- (C) They trap them.
- (D) They dig them up.

39. The word **dissolved** in this passage is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.

- (A) melted
- (B) released
- (C) chewed
- (D) attracted

B. The modern image of a successful business likely includes formal plans, a traditional company structure and, especially, a strong focus on making money. One very successful company that did not follow this route was created in 1978 by two men named Ben Cohen and Jerry Greenfield. Their path to becoming world-famous ice cream makers was not very traditional. Neither of the men went to a famous business school, nor did they have a lot of financial support. In addition, they did not consider profit to be their main goal. In fact, every year, Ben and Jerry **donated** more than 7% of their profits to projects that would benefit the community.

40. According to the passage, Ben and Jerry were unusual as businessmen because \_\_\_\_ was not their main goal.

- (A) eating ice cream
- (B) making money
- (C) starting a business
- (D) going to school

41. The word **donated** in this passage is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.

- (A) made
- (B) sold
- (C) went
- (D) gave

C. Water beads are small balls of a special material that can hold large amounts of water or other liquids. When the dry balls are put into water, they can grow to several times their original size as they absorb the liquid. In this state, they can hold up to 500 times their own weight in water, and can expand up to 60 times their original volume. Once the beads are full of water, they lose it very slowly. This makes the little balls very useful for keeping plants healthy in **arid** areas where water usually disappears very quickly.

42. According to the passage, how do water beads keep plants healthy?

- (A) They keep plants dry.
- (B) They disappear instead of the water.
- (C) They are a source of water.
- (D) They keep the water clean.

43. The word **arid** in this passage is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.

- (A) dry
- (B) cold
- (C) wet
- (D) high

D. We use the weather forecast to help us decide what kind of clothes to wear, or if we should take an umbrella when we go out. However, there is also a data-gathering technique, called hindcasting, which people use to try to understand what the weather was like before formal weather records were kept. Hindcasting does not rely greatly on technology. Instead, it uses **artifacts** to provide clues about past weather patterns. For example, when researchers wanted to know about the weather in 17th century Holland, they looked at many paintings from numerous artists of the period. The paintings showed that the country was much colder in the 1800s than it is today. In this way, hindcasting helps us to better understand how the weather has changed over time.

44. According to this passage, hindcasting looks at how the weather \_\_\_\_.

- (A) will be in the future
- (B) is today
- (C) has been recently
- (D) was in the distant past

45. The word **artifacts** in this passage refers to \_\_\_\_.

- (A) old paintings
- (B) technology
- (C) modern artists
- (D) weather forecasts

E. Bartholomew Roberts (1682-1722) was one of the most successful pirates of the Golden Age of Piracy, which lasted from 1650 to 1726. Over his 4-year career as a pirate, he and his crew captured an impressive 470 ships. Although Roberts is remembered today as a pirate, he began his life at sea as a regular sailor. In 1719, his ship was captured near the coast of West Africa by a pirate named Howell Davis, and Roberts was forced to become a member of the crew. The captain quickly realized that Roberts' intelligence and skill at reading maps would be useful, and it wasn't long before the new pirate was an important man.

However, soon after Roberts joined the ship, Davis was killed by Portuguese soldiers. The crew held an election and chose Roberts to be their new captain. Roberts had not wanted to be a pirate at all, but was now being asked to lead the crew. He is reported to have said that, although he did not want to be a pirate, "it was better to be a commander than a common man." For the crew, Roberts was a good choice because he led them to great success.

One interesting thing that Roberts did when capturing a ship was to ask the crew whether or not their captain and officers had treated them well. If the crew had been treated **poorly**, Roberts would punish the ones responsible. He also made his crew follow a set of rules called the "pirate code". Surprisingly, the main points of this code were written to help maintain discipline and fairness among the crew. The code explained how much each man could expect to be paid, how much money he would receive as compensation for a battle injury, and other rules for behavior while on the ship.

Bartholomew Roberts died on February 10, 1722, in a fight with the Royal Navy. His death was a shock to pirates, the Navy, and sailors, and marked the end of the Golden Age of Pirates.

英文 E に関する設問は次のページにあります

46. According to the passage, Bartholomew Roberts \_\_\_\_ a pirate.
- (A) wanted to be
  - (B) did not start as
  - (C) began his career as
  - (D) was a failure as
47. According to the passage, how did Roberts become the captain?
- (A) He fought all of the others.
  - (B) He paid the crew.
  - (C) He was given the ship by Davis.
  - (D) He was chosen by the crew.
48. In paragraph 3, the word **poorly** is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.
- (A) badly
  - (B) safely
  - (C) kindly
  - (D) quickly
49. The passage implies that Roberts believed discipline and fairness to be \_\_\_\_.
- (A) impossible for pirates
  - (B) only for sailors
  - (C) difficult to understand
  - (D) important
50. What is the best title for this passage?
- (A) How to Be a Pirate
  - (B) Pirates of the Caribbean
  - (C) The Last Great Pirate
  - (D) The Life and Death of Howell Davis

# 宮崎国際大学 教育学部

平成26年度 一般入学選考後期日程試験問題

## 英 語

### Form B

この英語の筆記試験は、文法/語彙/長文読解に関するもので、  
時間は全部で70分です。(説明を含む)

受験番号 \_\_\_\_\_

氏名 \_\_\_\_\_

平成26年度 一般入学選考後期日程試験問題

筆記試験

文法/語彙/長文読解テスト

開始の指示があるまで開かないで下さい

試験時間は70分です

(問題は50問あります)

問題1 次の問い（1～20）の空欄に入れるのに最も適切なものをそれぞれ下の（A）～（D）の中から1つ選び、その記号を解答用紙に記入しなさい。

1. \_\_\_ were on the shelf.  
(A) Not much books  
(B) Not many books  
(C) A few book  
(D) A little books
2. Every day, \_\_\_ at least one apple.  
(A) Sarah eating  
(B) my parents eats  
(C) I eats  
(D) Kate and her husband eat
3. That bicycle \_\_\_\_.  
(A) belongs to them  
(B) are belong to Kate  
(C) belong to me  
(D) is belonging to Jim
4. I really enjoy listening \_\_\_\_.  
(A) songs  
(B) for music  
(C) to the radio  
(D) at birds
5. **Question:** \_\_\_ pen is this?  
**Answer:** I think it is yours.  
(A) Who  
(B) What  
(C) Where  
(D) Whose
6. I need to buy \_\_\_ for the party next weekend.  
(A) some stuffs  
(B) three stuffs  
(C) some stuff  
(D) a stuff
7. Junko \_\_\_ to Hawaii.  
(A) has never been  
(B) has ever been  
(C) have ever been  
(D) have never been

8. I went to the library because \_\_\_\_.
- (A) I needed to study
  - (B) homework
  - (C) of my teacher asked me to meet
  - (D) return books
9. Athletes sometimes hurt \_\_\_\_ when they are playing sports.
- (A) by itself
  - (B) itself
  - (C) themselves
  - (D) own self
10. I will buy a new shirt if I \_\_\_\_ enough money.
- (A) had
  - (B) am having
  - (C) have
  - (D) will have
11. Colleen \_\_\_\_ piano since she was 12 years old.
- (A) plays
  - (B) is playing
  - (C) will play
  - (D) has been playing
12. I want to go outside, but first I \_\_\_\_ my homework.
- (A) have to do
  - (B) have done
  - (C) did
  - (D) could not do
13. My friend is \_\_\_\_ in trains.
- (A) interest
  - (B) interested
  - (C) has interest
  - (D) interesting
14. Christmas is the time \_\_\_\_ people give presents.
- (A) which
  - (B) when
  - (C) whose
  - (D) where
15. English \_\_\_\_ in many countries these days.
- (A) is spoken
  - (B) is speaking
  - (C) is speak
  - (D) will speak
16. My parents made \_\_\_\_ the dishes.





語、あるいはフレーズをそれぞれの文章の下の (A) ~ (D) の中から 1つ 選び、その記号を解答用紙に記入しなさい。

- A. What is the one thing that people regret most about their college years? Many people who have finished university say they wish they had traveled more or studied abroad. So many students graduate without traveling and then regret it later. Now, more than ever, it is (---33---) increasingly important for college students to go abroad. One of the best ways to understand the world more clearly is through travel.

It's difficult to travel after you (---34---) finished university. You have to find a job, buy a home, pay bills, and have a family. Even if you can travel with your family in the future, it is very different from being out in the world on your own or with a group of friends. Your (---35---) become more limited, and you spend your money much faster.

Employers and graduate schools also understand the value and importance of international experience. It is certainly good for people applying for jobs, and employers do notice when you have (---36---) the time to participate in travel-related activities.

Most importantly, however, investing in travel is like investing in an education. You will learn in different ways than you do from a textbook. Through travel, you have the opportunity to see the things you have studied, and to use the skills you've learned. Without travel, you will only (---37---) the world on a movie-screen or in a book, and you will never get to experience it for yourself. Do you really want to miss this opportunity?

- |                  |            |             |             |
|------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| 33. (A) becoming | (B) became | (C) becomes | (D) become  |
| 34. (A) had      | (B) has    | (C) have    | (D) having  |
| 45. (A) choose   | (B) chosen | (C) choice  | (D) choices |
| 36. (A) took     | (B) taken  | (C) take    | (D) taking  |
| 37. (A) see      | (B) saw    | (C) seeing  | (D) sees    |

問題4 次の英文 A~E に関する設問の答えとして最も適切なものをそれぞれの設問の下の (A) ~ (D) の中から 1つ 選び、その記号を解答用紙に記入しなさい。

A. Bees are common insects that are very important for the natural environment and human society. By visiting many different flowers, bees help plants to grow. Humans need bees to do this so that they can produce food on farms. In fact, we may **depend on** bees for about one-third of our food supply. Unfortunately, the population of bees has been declining for many years. Scientists do not completely understand the reasons for this, but disease and the loss of many wild flowers are possible causes.

38. According to this passage, why are bees important?

- (A) They help humans to make food and plants to grow.
- (B) They stop diseases and help humans make food.
- (C) They make good plants grow and kill bad plants.
- (D) They kill bad plants and stop diseases.

39. The phrase **depend on** in this paragraph is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.

- (A) to eat something
- (B) to reduce something
- (C) to count something
- (D) to need something

B. Patagonia is a region of South America that covers parts of Chile and Argentina. It is a wild area, with high mountains, grassy plains and thick forests. Patagonia is also home to a variety of wildlife, including several **endangered** species that must be protected before they disappear forever. Tourists often visit to see pumas, whales and penguins in the wild. However, as the number of visitors increases, there is a risk that the natural beauty of the area will be damaged. Several environmentalists and Hollywood actors have bought land in Patagonia in order to protect it, but this has caused tensions with local people. The locals fear that wealthy outsiders will force them to leave their traditional lands.

40. According to this passage, Patagonia is a popular place to visit because \_\_\_\_.

- (A) many Hollywood actors live there
- (B) it has beautiful nature and wild animals
- (C) the land is cheap to buy
- (D) it is easy to make money there

41. The word **endangered** in this paragraph is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.

- (A) very few are still living
- (B) able to hurt people
- (C) disappeared
- (D) large

C. Britain lies further north than most of the major Canadian cities, so why does it not experience the same **harsh** winters as many parts of Canada? The answer is because of a movement of warm waters known as the Gulf Stream. The Gulf Stream begins near Florida and moves along the coast of the United States before crossing the Atlantic Ocean

to Europe. As a result, parts of Ireland, Scotland, and England enjoy warmer temperatures than Canada, and the coast of Norway remains free of ice for most of the year. Without the Gulf Stream, the climates and also the cultures of these countries would be completely different.

42. According to the passage, without the Gulf Stream, winters in Britain would be \_\_\_\_.
- (A) similar to winters in Canada
  - (B) warm
  - (C) free of ice
  - (D) the same as they are now

43. The word **harsh** in this paragraph is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.
- (A) warm and comfortable
  - (B) very wet
  - (C) difficult to live in
  - (D) different

D. In the late 1970s, NASA launched two space **probes** called Voyager 1 and Voyager 2. These two probes first investigated the planets Jupiter and Saturn. They took photographs of these planets and their moons and made some important discoveries. Voyager 2 then continued to visit the planets Uranus and Neptune, while Voyager 1 travelled out into deep space. Voyager 1 is the furthest man-made object from the Earth, and some scientists believe that it is now leaving our solar system. Interestingly, both of the Voyager spacecraft are carrying golden records that contain pictures and sounds of the Earth, as well as a map showing the location of our planet.

44. Based on this passage, which of the following is NOT true?
- (A) Both Voyager 1 and Voyager 2 are carrying maps.
  - (B) Both Voyager 1 and Voyager 2 have cameras.
  - (C) Both Voyager 1 and Voyager 2 visited Neptune
  - (D) Both Voyager 1 and Voyager 2 visited Jupiter.

45. The word **probes** in this paragraph is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.
- (A) a kind of planet
  - (B) a person who goes into space
  - (C) a kind of map
  - (D) a machine sent into space

- E. Richard Branson began his business career in 1966 selling a magazine that carried advertisements for pop music. Now, almost half a century later, his Virgin business empire has grown into a giant, with 400 companies throughout the world. While he is respected for his business successes, he is also well known for his love of fun and adventure, and his passion for charity work.

Branson's first financial success came when he was 20 years old. He began selling pop music records at cheaper prices than in music stores. This gave him the funds to expand his business into a record label that attracted some of the most famous pop musicians of the 1970s and 80s. He was only 34 years old when he gave himself the challenge of starting his own airline, Virgin Airways. His airline struggled for many years, but has now grown to include five separate companies around the world as well as Virgin Galactic, a company that plans to operate commercial space flights in the future.

In addition to his business career, Branson has always had a passion for excitement. Since the 1980s, he has made several attempts to break world records involving sea or air travel. He broke the record for crossing the Atlantic Ocean in a boat and was part of a team that tried to become the first to fly around the world in a hot air balloon. His fun-loving personality also helps when he is on television. He is never embarrassed to laugh at himself, and once worked as a female flight attendant after losing a bet with another airline owner.

Richard Branson has also been involved in several campaigns to protect the environment and to solve global problems. He has worked for groups that aim to **eliminate** nuclear weapons and for committees that try to reduce the problems caused by drugs in society.

英文 E に関する設問は次のページにあります

46. Based on the passage, which statement about Richard Branson is NOT true?
- (A) Richard Branson is a successful businessman.
  - (B) Richard Branson has interests outside of business.
  - (C) Richard Branson has been working for more than 50 years.
  - (D) Richard Branson cares about other people.
47. According to the passage, how did Branson get the money to start his record label?
- (A) from his airline
  - (B) from his family
  - (C) by going into space
  - (D) by selling music
48. In paragraph 4, the word **eliminate** is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.
- (A) develop
  - (B) remove
  - (C) improve
  - (D) spread
49. What does the passage imply about Richard Branson's personality?
- (A) He enjoys adventure.
  - (B) He is only interested in work.
  - (C) He is shy.
  - (D) He gets scared easily.
50. What is the best title for this passage?
- (A) Richard Branson's Business Strategy
  - (B) How Richard Branson Helped the Environment
  - (C) Branson: A Life of Business, Adventure and Caring
  - (D) How Richard Branson Took Virgin Galactic to Space!

# 英語(教育学部)

平成26年度一般入試(前期日程)

問題 1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	D	B	D	C	A	A	C	D	A	D	D	C	B	A	B
	16	17	18	19	20										
	A	B	B	B	C										
問題 2	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32			
	B	D	A	D	B	C	C	A	B	A	A	D			
問題 3	33	34	35	36	37										
	C	A	B	C	D										
問題 4	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50		
	C	A	B	D	C	A	D	A	B	D	A	D	C		

# 英語(教育学部)

平成26年度一般入試(後期日程)

問題 1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	B	D	A	C	D	C	A	A	C	C	D	A	B	B	A
	16	17	18	19	20										
	C	B	D	A	B										
問題 2	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32			
	C	B	D	D	A	B	A	C	B	A	D	B			
問題 3	33	34	35	36	37										
	A	C	D	B	A										
問題 4	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50		
	A	D	B	A	A	C	C	D	C	D	B	A	C		