

宮崎国際大学 教育学部

平成26年度 一般入学選考後期日程試験問題

英 語

Form B

この英語の筆記試験は、文法/語彙/長文読解に関するもので、
時間は全部で70分です。(説明を含む)

受験番号 _____

氏名 _____

平成26年度 一般入学選考後期日程試験問題

筆記試験

文法/語彙/長文読解テスト

開始の指示があるまで開かないで下さい

試験時間は70分です

(問題は50問あります)

問題1 次の問い（1～20）の空欄に入れるのに最も適切なものをそれぞれ下の（A）～（D）の中から1つ選び、その記号を解答用紙に記入しなさい。

1. ___ were on the shelf.
(A) Not much books
(B) Not many books
(C) A few book
(D) A little books
2. Every day, ___ at least one apple.
(A) Sarah eating
(B) my parents eats
(C) I eats
(D) Kate and her husband eat
3. That bicycle ____.
(A) belongs to them
(B) are belong to Kate
(C) belong to me
(D) is belonging to Jim
4. I really enjoy listening ____.
(A) songs
(B) for music
(C) to the radio
(D) at birds
5. **Question:** ___ pen is this?
Answer: I think it is yours.
(A) Who
(B) What
(C) Where
(D) Whose
6. I need to buy ___ for the party next weekend.
(A) some stuffs
(B) three stuffs
(C) some stuff
(D) a stuff
7. Junko ___ to Hawaii.
(A) has never been
(B) has ever been
(C) have ever been
(D) have never been

8. I went to the library because ____.
- (A) I needed to study
 - (B) homework
 - (C) of my teacher asked me to meet
 - (D) return books
9. Athletes sometimes hurt ____ when they are playing sports.
- (A) by itself
 - (B) itself
 - (C) themselves
 - (D) own self
10. I will buy a new shirt if I ____ enough money.
- (A) had
 - (B) am having
 - (C) have
 - (D) will have
11. Colleen ____ piano since she was 12 years old.
- (A) plays
 - (B) is playing
 - (C) will play
 - (D) has been playing
12. I want to go outside, but first I ____ my homework.
- (A) have to do
 - (B) have done
 - (C) did
 - (D) could not do
13. My friend is ____ in trains.
- (A) interest
 - (B) interested
 - (C) has interest
 - (D) interesting
14. Christmas is the time ____ people give presents.
- (A) which
 - (B) when
 - (C) whose
 - (D) where
15. English ____ in many countries these days.
- (A) is spoken
 - (B) is speaking
 - (C) is speak
 - (D) will speak
16. My parents made ____ the dishes.

- (A) clean for me
- (B) me to clean
- (C) me clean
- (D) me cleaning

17. Did the students understand ___?

- (A) the teacher said
- (B) what the teacher said
- (C) that did the teacher say
- (D) how the teacher said

18. I ___ to Tokyo next week for a conference.

- (A) have gone
- (B) goes
- (C) went
- (D) am going

19. Would you remind ___ a present? It's my mother's birthday tomorrow.

- (A) me to buy
- (B) to buy
- (C) me buying
- (D) buying

20. I usually eat ___ on my plate.

- (A) most the food
- (B) most of the food
- (C) the most of food
- (D) food most

問題 2 次のそれぞれの文章の中の A~D の単語、あるいはフレーズの中から正しくないものを 1つ 選び、その記号を解答用紙に記入しなさい。

21. The books on the table next to the door is all going to be given to charity next week.

A B C D

22. He has been researching local history from thirty years, so he has become a real expert in this area.

D

23. Some scientists have said that by the year 2050, many things in our houses are containing some kind of computer technology.

A B C D

24. I wasn't sure which country to visit for my study abroad program, but my friend suggested to go to Britain.

C D

語、あるいはフレーズをそれぞれの文章の下の (A) ~ (D) の中から 1つ 選び、その記号を解答用紙に記入しなさい。

- A. What is the one thing that people regret most about their college years? Many people who have finished university say they wish they had traveled more or studied abroad. So many students graduate without traveling and then regret it later. Now, more than ever, it is (---33---) increasingly important for college students to go abroad. One of the best ways to understand the world more clearly is through travel.

It's difficult to travel after you (---34---) finished university. You have to find a job, buy a home, pay bills, and have a family. Even if you can travel with your family in the future, it is very different from being out in the world on your own or with a group of friends. Your (---35---) become more limited, and you spend your money much faster.

Employers and graduate schools also understand the value and importance of international experience. It is certainly good for people applying for jobs, and employers do notice when you have (---36---) the time to participate in travel-related activities.

Most importantly, however, investing in travel is like investing in an education. You will learn in different ways than you do from a textbook. Through travel, you have the opportunity to see the things you have studied, and to use the skills you've learned. Without travel, you will only (---37---) the world on a movie-screen or in a book, and you will never get to experience it for yourself. Do you really want to miss this opportunity?

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| 33. (A) becoming | (B) became | (C) becomes | (D) become |
| 34. (A) had | (B) has | (C) have | (D) having |
| 45. (A) choose | (B) chosen | (C) choice | (D) choices |
| 36. (A) took | (B) taken | (C) take | (D) taking |
| 37. (A) see | (B) saw | (C) seeing | (D) sees |

問題4 次の英文 A~E に関する設問の答えとして最も適切なものをそれぞれの設問の下の (A) ~ (D) の中から 1つ 選び、その記号を解答用紙に記入しなさい。

A. Bees are common insects that are very important for the natural environment and human society. By visiting many different flowers, bees help plants to grow. Humans need bees to do this so that they can produce food on farms. In fact, we may **depend on** bees for about one-third of our food supply. Unfortunately, the population of bees has been declining for many years. Scientists do not completely understand the reasons for this, but disease and the loss of many wild flowers are possible causes.

38. According to this passage, why are bees important?

- (A) They help humans to make food and plants to grow.
- (B) They stop diseases and help humans make food.
- (C) They make good plants grow and kill bad plants.
- (D) They kill bad plants and stop diseases.

39. The phrase **depend on** in this paragraph is closest in meaning to ____.

- (A) to eat something
- (B) to reduce something
- (C) to count something
- (D) to need something

B. Patagonia is a region of South America that covers parts of Chile and Argentina. It is a wild area, with high mountains, grassy plains and thick forests. Patagonia is also home to a variety of wildlife, including several **endangered** species that must be protected before they disappear forever. Tourists often visit to see pumas, whales and penguins in the wild. However, as the number of visitors increases, there is a risk that the natural beauty of the area will be damaged. Several environmentalists and Hollywood actors have bought land in Patagonia in order to protect it, but this has caused tensions with local people. The locals fear that wealthy outsiders will force them to leave their traditional lands.

40. According to this passage, Patagonia is a popular place to visit because ____.

- (A) many Hollywood actors live there
- (B) it has beautiful nature and wild animals
- (C) the land is cheap to buy
- (D) it is easy to make money there

41. The word **endangered** in this paragraph is closest in meaning to ____.

- (A) very few are still living
- (B) able to hurt people
- (C) disappeared
- (D) large

C. Britain lies further north than most of the major Canadian cities, so why does it not experience the same **harsh** winters as many parts of Canada? The answer is because of a movement of warm waters known as the Gulf Stream. The Gulf Stream begins near Florida and moves along the coast of the United States before crossing the Atlantic Ocean

to Europe. As a result, parts of Ireland, Scotland, and England enjoy warmer temperatures than Canada, and the coast of Norway remains free of ice for most of the year. Without the Gulf Stream, the climates and also the cultures of these countries would be completely different.

42. According to the passage, without the Gulf Stream, winters in Britain would be ____.
- (A) similar to winters in Canada
 - (B) warm
 - (C) free of ice
 - (D) the same as they are now

43. The word **harsh** in this paragraph is closest in meaning to ____.
- (A) warm and comfortable
 - (B) very wet
 - (C) difficult to live in
 - (D) different

D. In the late 1970s, NASA launched two space **probes** called Voyager 1 and Voyager 2. These two probes first investigated the planets Jupiter and Saturn. They took photographs of these planets and their moons and made some important discoveries. Voyager 2 then continued to visit the planets Uranus and Neptune, while Voyager 1 travelled out into deep space. Voyager 1 is the furthest man-made object from the Earth, and some scientists believe that it is now leaving our solar system. Interestingly, both of the Voyager spacecraft are carrying golden records that contain pictures and sounds of the Earth, as well as a map showing the location of our planet.

44. Based on this passage, which of the following is NOT true?
- (A) Both Voyager 1 and Voyager 2 are carrying maps.
 - (B) Both Voyager 1 and Voyager 2 have cameras.
 - (C) Both Voyager 1 and Voyager 2 visited Neptune
 - (D) Both Voyager 1 and Voyager 2 visited Jupiter.

45. The word **probes** in this paragraph is closest in meaning to ____.
- (A) a kind of planet
 - (B) a person who goes into space
 - (C) a kind of map
 - (D) a machine sent into space

- E. Richard Branson began his business career in 1966 selling a magazine that carried advertisements for pop music. Now, almost half a century later, his Virgin business empire has grown into a giant, with 400 companies throughout the world. While he is respected for his business successes, he is also well known for his love of fun and adventure, and his passion for charity work.

Branson's first financial success came when he was 20 years old. He began selling pop music records at cheaper prices than in music stores. This gave him the funds to expand his business into a record label that attracted some of the most famous pop musicians of the 1970s and 80s. He was only 34 years old when he gave himself the challenge of starting his own airline, Virgin Airways. His airline struggled for many years, but has now grown to include five separate companies around the world as well as Virgin Galactic, a company that plans to operate commercial space flights in the future.

In addition to his business career, Branson has always had a passion for excitement. Since the 1980s, he has made several attempts to break world records involving sea or air travel. He broke the record for crossing the Atlantic Ocean in a boat and was part of a team that tried to become the first to fly around the world in a hot air balloon. His fun-loving personality also helps when he is on television. He is never embarrassed to laugh at himself, and once worked as a female flight attendant after losing a bet with another airline owner.

Richard Branson has also been involved in several campaigns to protect the environment and to solve global problems. He has worked for groups that aim to **eliminate** nuclear weapons and for committees that try to reduce the problems caused by drugs in society.

英文 E に関する設問は次のページにあります

46. Based on the passage, which statement about Richard Branson is NOT true?
- (A) Richard Branson is a successful businessman.
 - (B) Richard Branson has interests outside of business.
 - (C) Richard Branson has been working for more than 50 years.
 - (D) Richard Branson cares about other people.
47. According to the passage, how did Branson get the money to start his record label?
- (A) from his airline
 - (B) from his family
 - (C) by going into space
 - (D) by selling music
48. In paragraph 4, the word **eliminate** is closest in meaning to ____.
- (A) develop
 - (B) remove
 - (C) improve
 - (D) spread
49. What does the passage imply about Richard Branson's personality?
- (A) He enjoys adventure.
 - (B) He is only interested in work.
 - (C) He is shy.
 - (D) He gets scared easily.
50. What is the best title for this passage?
- (A) Richard Branson's Business Strategy
 - (B) How Richard Branson Helped the Environment
 - (C) Branson: A Life of Business, Adventure and Caring
 - (D) How Richard Branson Took Virgin Galactic to Space!